(b) how many villages are proposed to be covered in Karnataka under the above scheme;

(c) the amount of grant allocated to Karnataka during 2003-04 for the above scheme; and

(d) whether Government propose to exempt Karnataka from mobilising 10 per cent public contribution for these projects in view of drought in Karnataka in the State?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL-DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ANNASAHEB M.K. PATIL): (a) and (b) Out of 132 application received from Government of Karnataka in 2002-2003, 62 projects were approved. As per the Guidelines on Swajaldhara issued in June 2003, the District Implementing Agencies in consultation with State Government concerned can approve the projects.

(c) During 2003-2004, Rs. 1397.0289 lakh have been allocated to the Government of Karnataka under Swajaldhara.

(d) No Sir. There is of such proposal. Government of Karnataka has been released Rs. 6.00 crore separately for rural water supply sector in the wake of the drought in the State during 2003-04.

Funds allotted to U.P. under ARWSP

1157. PROF. M.M. AGARWAL: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the district-wise details of funds allotted to Uttar Pradesh under Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme during the year 2001 -2002, 2002-2003 and 2003-2004;

(b) the details of target fixed under the programme; and

(c) the district-wise number of villages in the State benefited under the scheme during the above period?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ANNASAHEB M.K. PATIL): (a) The Government of India make State-wise allocation of funds under Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme (ARWSP. Funds allotted to Government of Uttar Pradesh during 2001 -2002,2002-2003 and 2003-2004 are as under :-

YEAR	Amount Allocated *(Rs. in Lakh)*
2001-2002	13269.00
2002-2003	13022.00
2003-2004	11086.00

(b) and (c) Drinking water supply being a State subject, schemes for providing drinking water facilities to rural habitations are implemented by the State. States themselves plan, sanction and implement individual rural drinking water supply schemes. The Government of India only supplements the efforts of the States by providing financial assistance under the Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme (ARWSP.

It is targeted to cover all rural habitations in the country with the facility of drinking water supply by 31.3.2004. As per information furnished by the State Government, there are 243633 rural habitations in Uttar Pradesh and all of them have been covered with drinking water facility as per the norm of 40 litre per capita per day.

Achievement of SGSY

1158. SHRI K. RAHMAN KHAN: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Swarnjayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana was launched to address deficiencies of the earlier Integrated Rural Development Programme and other complimentary schemes in 1999;

(b) if so, what is the success or failure of the Yojana; and

(c) the steps being taken of achieve the targets set out in the Yojana?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI U.V. KRISHNNAM RAJU): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The Swarnjayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY) is a holistic programme covering all aspects of self-employment such as organization of the poor into Self-Help Groups (SHGs), capacity building, credit, technology, infrastructure and marketing. The objective of the SGSY is to bring the assisted poor families (swarozgaris) above the poverty line by ensuring appreciable increase in incomes over a period